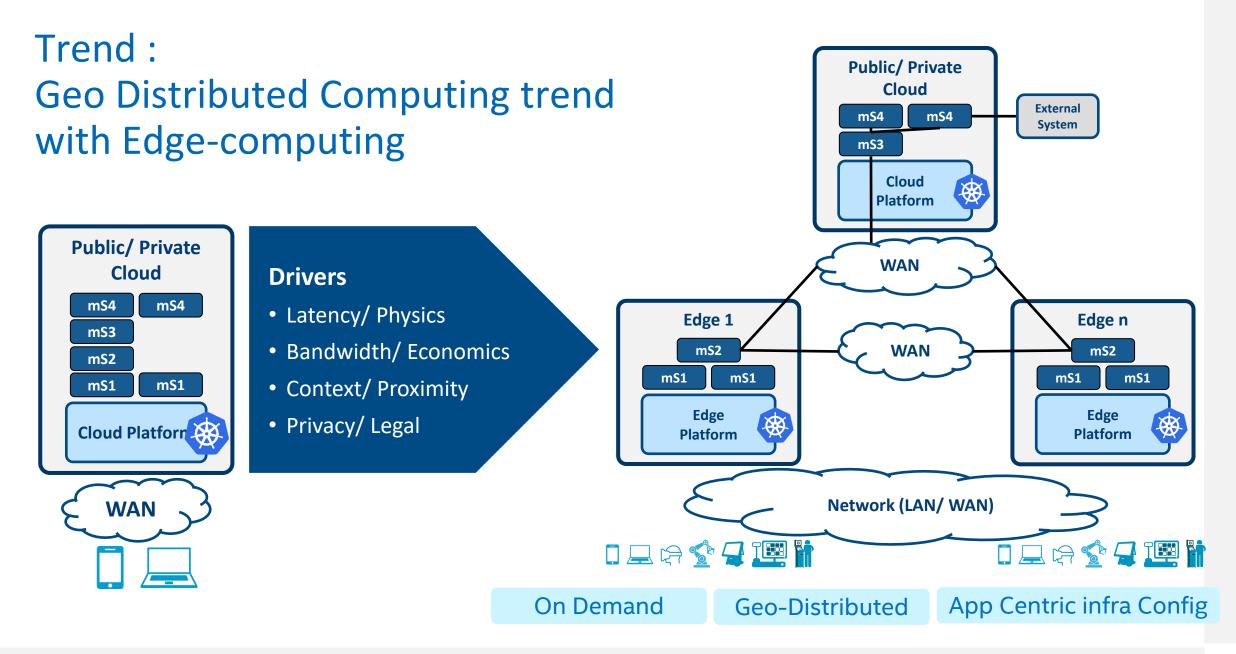
Tackling Edge Orchestration in the Mobile Edge: An Autonomous Vehicle Use Case and other Applications Ritu Sood, Cloud Software Engineer, Intel



Agenda

- Problem Statement
- Requirements and Challenges
- EMCO
- Edge Relocation Use case
- Temporal Introduction
- EMCO and Temporal
- Edge Relocation with EMCO
- Call for Action

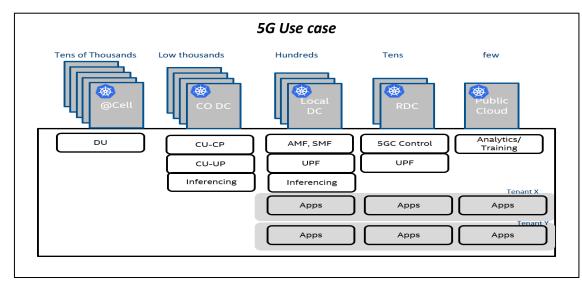
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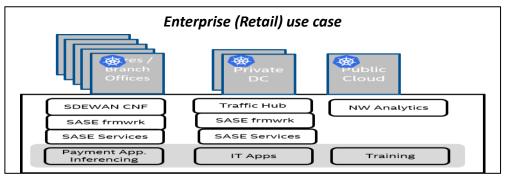


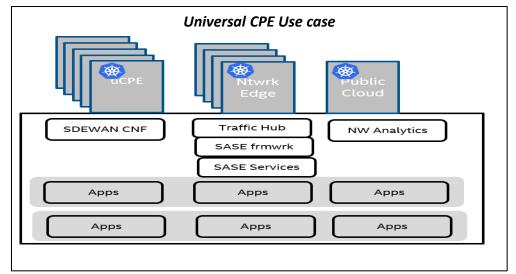
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Geo-Distributed Computing - few use cases



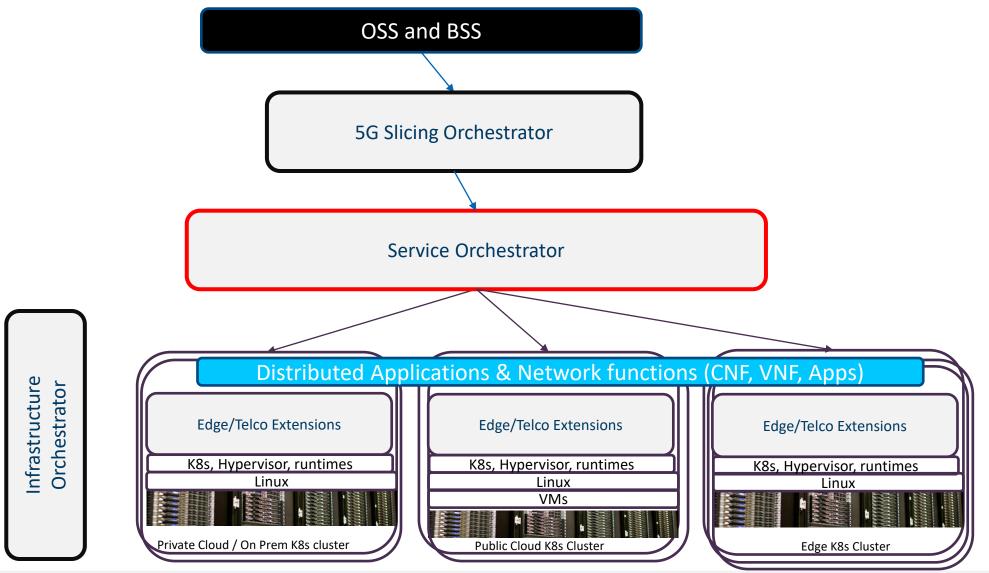




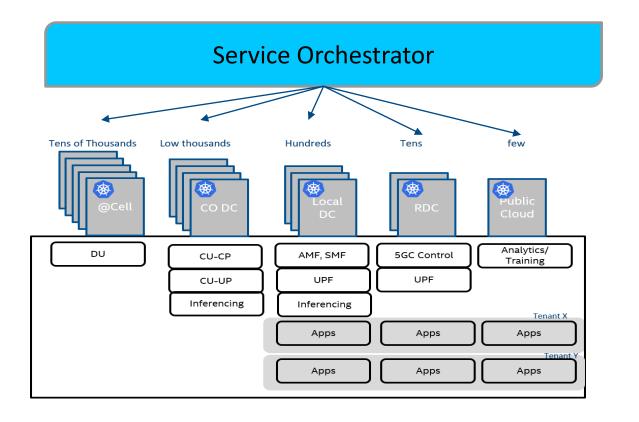
- Large Number of sites
- Computing (Apps across sites) MEC
- Multiple tenant applications along with operator CNFs.
- Workload types VMs, VNFs, CNFs, CNAs and Functions (FaaS)
- K8s is becoming choice of workload orchestrator in each cluster

Multi Edge/Cloud computing scale is similar (or even higher) to Hyper-scalers' scale Now Telcos, MSPs and Enterprises need @scale Orchestration and Automation solutions

E2E Edge Stack



Service Orchestrator – Big Picture



One Click deployment of complex applications & network services across multiple K8s clusters

Comprehensive Status monitoring of deployed complex applications

Automation of compute resources

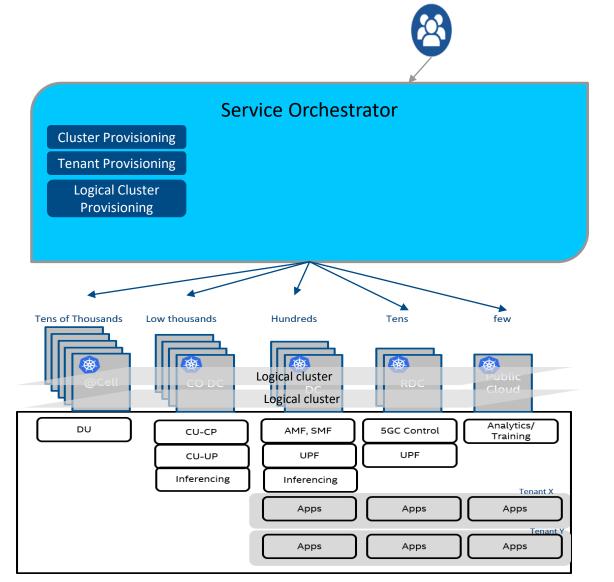
Configuration of CNF's (may require Restful API's or workflows)

App Centric infrastructure configuration (Service Mesh, SDWAN, L2/L3 switches)

Self Service Portal for multiple tenants

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Needs/Requirements – Preparation



Registration of Clusters

Cluster labels (Example: Cell tower Edge, CO Edge etc..) Needed for identifying multiple clusters

Cluster specific configuration (Few: ISTIO CA provisioning; Virtual/Provider network preparation)

Tenant registration Ability to use tenant specific OAUTH2 servers for authenticating tenant admins

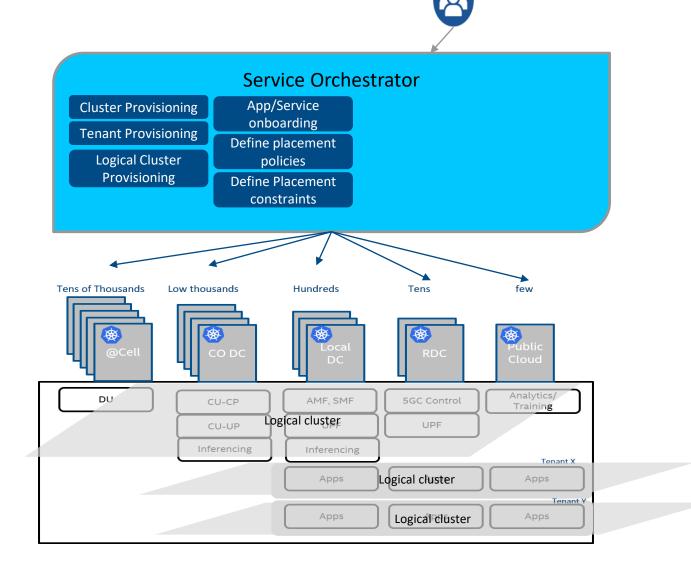
Tenant level isolation via RBAC rules

Logical Cluster provisioning across multiple selected clusters

Logical Cluster user and permission provisioning

intel.

Needs/Requirements – Application deployment design



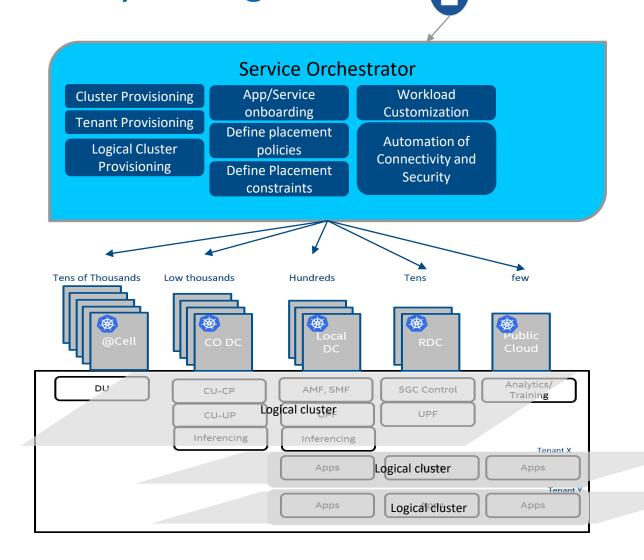
App Onboarding (Complex Apps & Network Services)

Multiple deployment profiles to ensure same APP can be instantiated multiple times

Placement policies to replicate and distribute workloads across clusters

Placement constraints : Affinity and Anti-Affinity; Platform capabilities; Latency; Cost

Requirements – Workload Customization & Connectivity management



No changes to helm charts/K8s description of applications

Each deployment may have its own customization

Connectivity intent provisioning

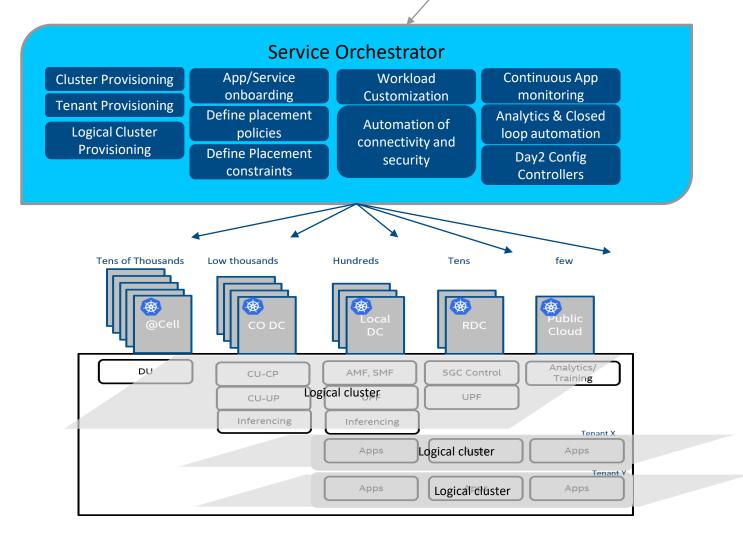
- Enabling inter-micro service communication within or across clusters
 - Enabling communication to external entitles
 - With/Without Mutual TLS
 - Multi Cluster DNS management

Dynamic provisioning with LCM of Applications

Extensible framework to add new capability controllers

Requirements – Operations





Continuous monitoring of complex Application (Across clusters, apps and micro-services)

Comprehensive report on the application status

Analytics framework

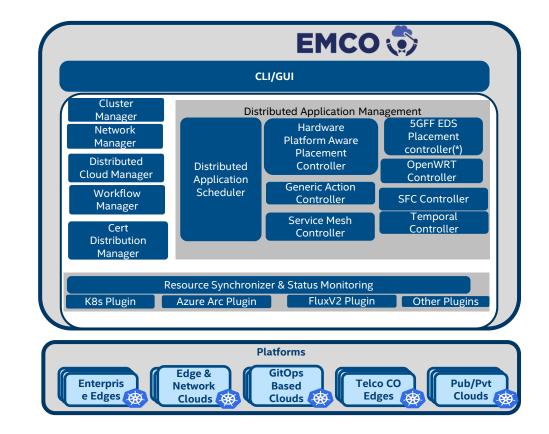
- Metric collection across clusters & apps
- Long term central store (Time Series)
 - Training framework
 - Closed loop policy management

Day 2 Configuration

- Configuration of apps/network-functions that are already deployed.
- Various types of configurations (CR based, RESTful based or Netconf/yang based)

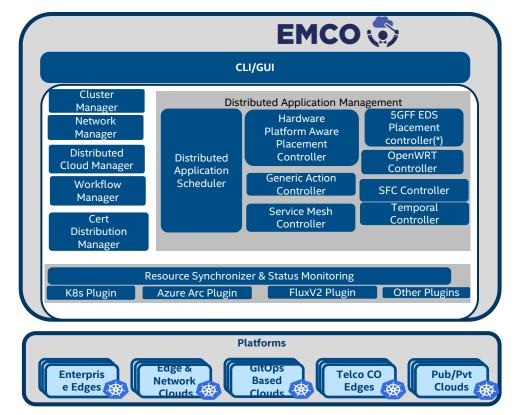
Edge Multi Cluster Orchestrator (EMCO)

- Linux Foundation's project-emco.io
- Intent-based Lifecycle management of apps and network functions
- Various edge locations, cloud/on-prem DCs
- Highly extensible with in-tree or 3rd party controllers
- Intent based architecture
- Intelligent selection of clusters to place the workloads
- Tenant Isolation using logical clouds
- Customization of resources in the applications based on clusters

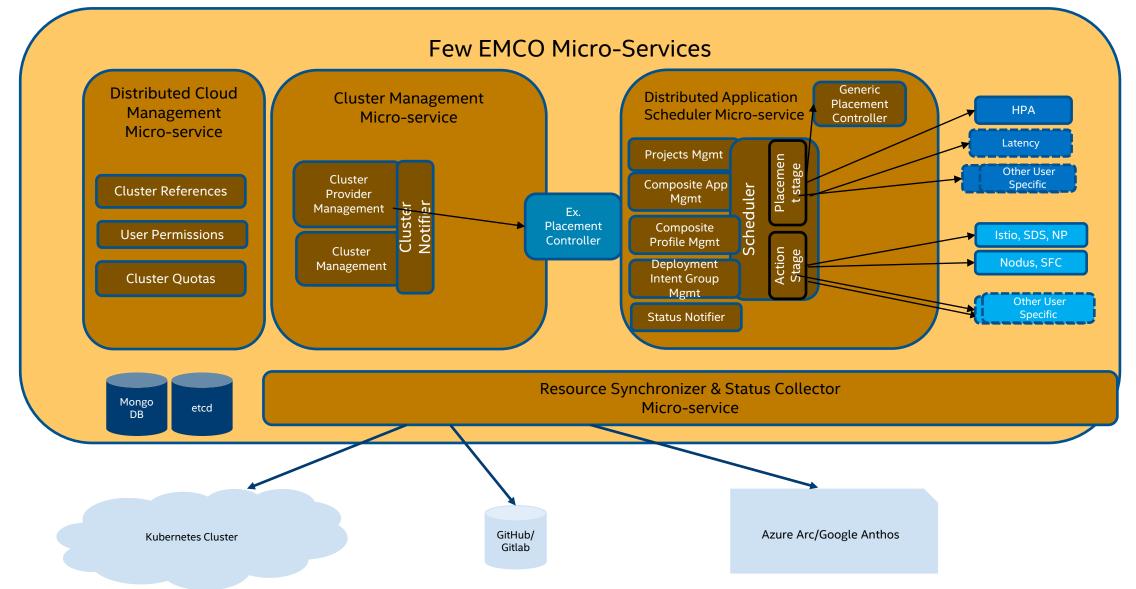


Edge Multi Cluster Orchestrator

- Automation of service mesh and other connectivity & security infrastructure
- Dependency and order of priority of application deployments between clusters
- Update and Rollbacks
- GitOps based cluster support
- Temporal Support



EMCO Architecture





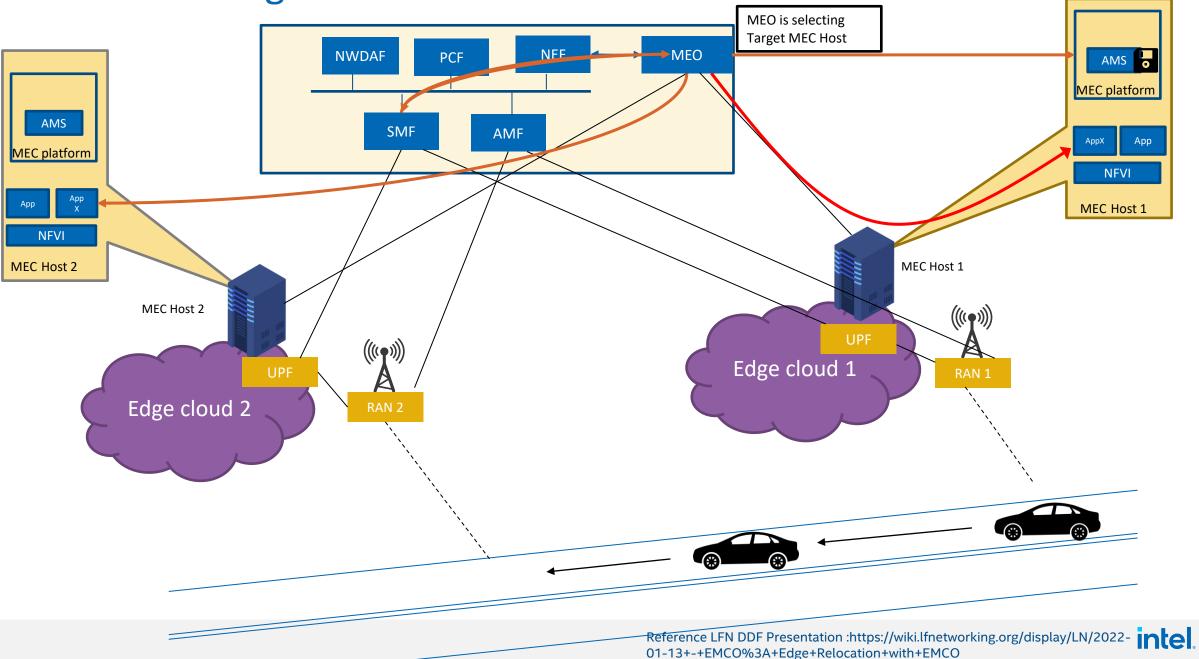
Problem statement according to ETSI standards

The user (UE) is consuming a service, while moving out of the coverage area of Source MEC Host (Cluster A). Later he/she enters the coverage area of Target MEC Host (cluster B) and expects to resume the same service. This requires a relocation of a service instance from cluster A to cluster B.

Requirements for application relocation (identified by ER WG):

- Service continuity must be assured to the UE;
- The new instance of the application must be declared to be 'ready' before we can steer the trafic to the new app instance;
- If there are several candidates for the target MEC cluster, the final choice should be made by MEC Orchestrator

Use Case for Edge Relocation: Autonomus Vehicles



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Intro to Temporal

What – Platform to build reliable and scalable applications. It provides Resilience, Configurability and Scale (billions)

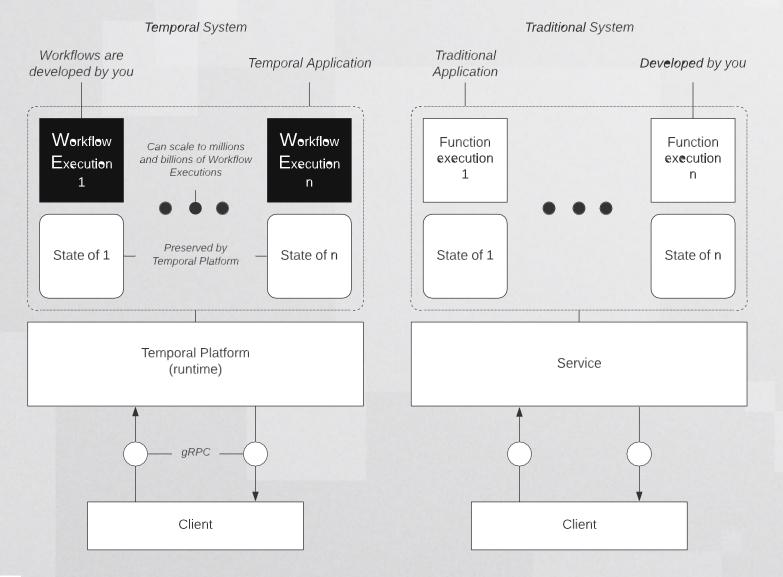
Why - The most valuable, mission-critical workloads in any software company are long-running and tie together multiple services.

Two types of special purpose functions:

- Workflows: Stateful functions that are used to orchestrate the application. The state of the workflow is saved in Temporal and Temporal can restart a workflow exactly where it stopped. Multi-step, stateful, long-running.

- Activity: Functions used to interact with unreliable entities. They are not stateful, but come with retries, timeouts etc. Distributed processes that can interact via messages.

Temporal Overview



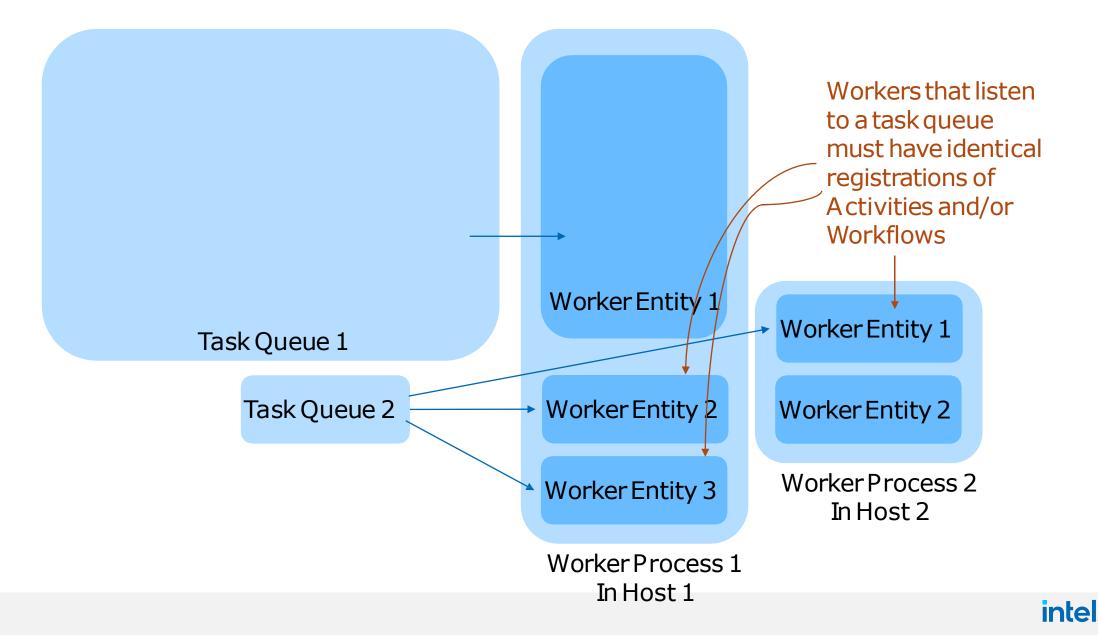
Components:

- Temporal server
- User code in Workers
 - Workflows (deterministic)
 - Activities (arbitrary code)
- User-provided Workflow Client

Temporal server and workflows/ activities communicate via task queues.

https://docs.temporal.io/docs/temporal-explained/introduction

Temporal Concepts



EMCO + Temporal Benefits

For Temporal users:

- EMCO can deploy workers + workflow clients together as a composite app.
 - Workflows become multi-cluster: geo-distributed, replicated, versioned.
 - Workflow deployment gets more flexibility: multiple DIGs/profiles, intent-based LCM
 - Shared parameters between wf clients and workflows are easily encapsulated.
- Temporal workflows can leverage EMCO's knowledge/access of clusters and apps.
- Workflow author and admin roles are unaffected.
 - Workflow author develops code and packages them as worker/client Helm charts.
 - Workflow admin deploys them, monitors status, and cancels them via EMCO.

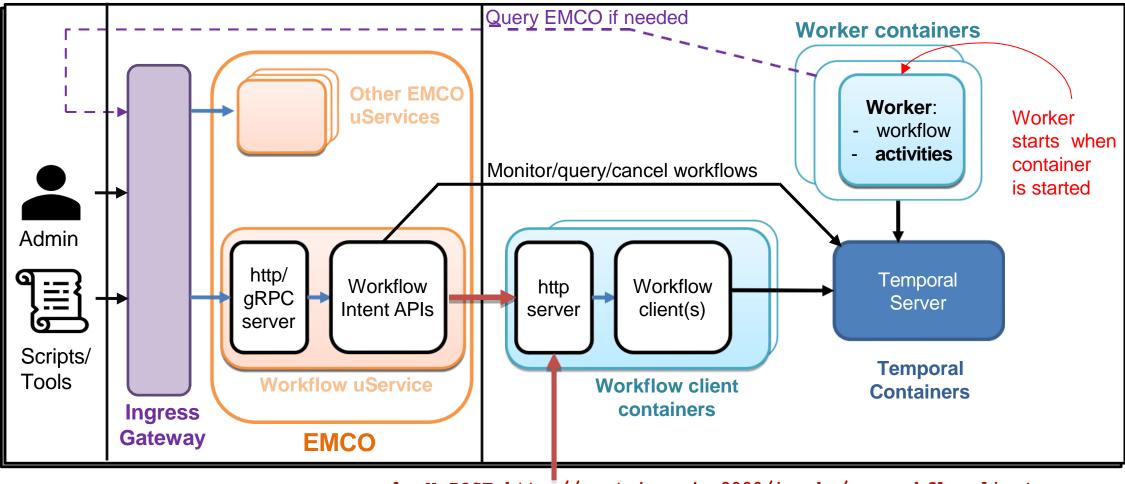
For EMCO users:

- Treat Temporal workflows as composite apps.
- Use workflows as another mechanism to extend EMCO functionality.

Temporal Integration

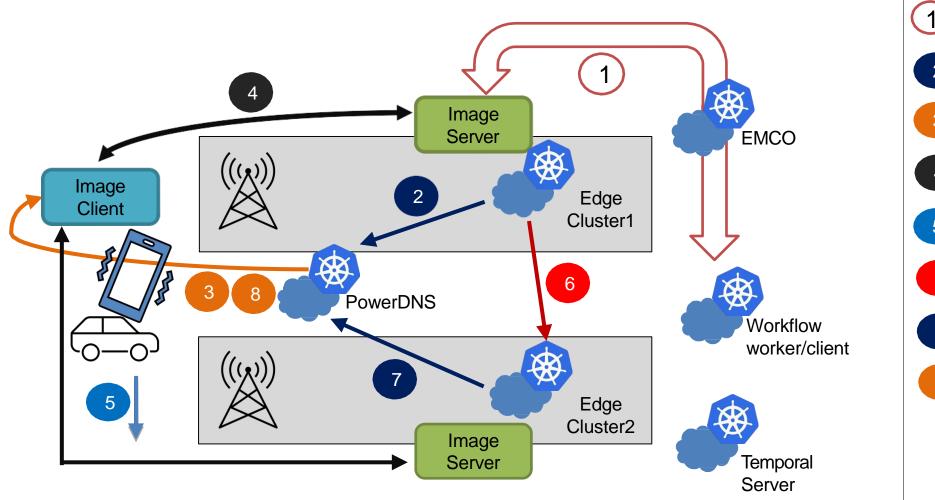
- Temporal can be used with EMCO
 - As a Workflow Manager
 - During LCM Events

EMCO + Temporal



curl -X POST http://container-ip:9090/invoke/my-workflowclient

Edge Relocation with EMCO and Temporal



EMCO deploys app App published in DNS Client queries DNS Client traffic to server Client roams to tower 2 EMCO starts workflow 6 to migrate app App updated in DNS Client queries DNS Client traffic to server In cluster 2!

Call for action

Links for EMCO

- Website https://project-emco.io/
- Wiki https://wiki.lfnetworking.org/display/EMCO/Welcome+to+the+EMCO+Wiki
- Code <u>https://gitlab.com/project-emco</u>

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